The Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME 49. MONDAY AFTERNOON, DECEMBER 9, 1833. NUMBER 205.

Edited and Published by Neville B. Craig, near the South West corner of the Diamond—at $6 per annum, in advance. ☞The Gazette is also published weekly, (on an elephant sheet,) at $2 per annum, in advance; or, $3 at the end of the year.—No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid. ☞Advertisements published on liberal terms.

Real Estate & Steamboat Stock FOR SALE.

THE Assignees of JAMES ADAMS, Jr., offer for sale his Real Estate, consisting as follows, viz:—

The Warehouse and Lot, corner of Water street and Chancery Lane, running through to Front street, being 35 feet front, and rear by 160 feet deep. The Warehouse is three stories high; substantially built of brick, and furnished with every convenience requisite for transacting a large business.

Eight Lots of Ground, 25 feet front by 100 feet deep, in Bayardstown, lying between the Cotton Factory, and fronting on Liberty street, and running back to an alley, 12 feet wide.

Also—His interest in the following steam boats, viz:—

One sixth of Steam Boat New Brunswick;
One sixth of do. Return;
One eighth of do. Gazelle;
One seventh of do. Lady Byron.

☞ For terms, &c., apply to the subscribers, or to Mr. F. R. Smith, at Mr. Adams' late Warehouse.

MICHAEL TIERNAN,
WILLIAM EBBS,
S. P. DARLINGTON,
Assignees.

September 19—tf

New Stourbridge Glass Works.

J. ROBINSON & SON,

GRATEFUL for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore received, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have considerably reduced the prices of their Glass.—They still continue to manufacture all kinds of

FLINT GLASS WARE,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

No. 10, *Corner of Ross and Second streets,*

where all orders in their line will meet with immediate attention.

A large and general assortment will be kept constantly on hand. Orders can be filled at the shortest notice.

N. B. Terms will be found as low as at any other manufactory in the western country.

Pittsburgh, March 8.—tf.

For Sale,

DRAFTS on Wheeling, Cincinnati, and Louisville, at par, payable at sight.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 48, Wood street,
Pittsburgh. March 12.

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

October 21, 1831.—tf

Saddlers' Tacks and Sparables.

60 BOXES assorted sizes, received from the manufacturer, and for sale at *eastern prices*, by JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

April 19, 1833—tf

OFFICE for the purchase and sale of Gold, Silver, Notes, Bills of Exchange, Stocks, &c.; No. 68 WOOD STREET. Western, and every description of Bank Note Paper, purchased at a low rate of discount.

WANTED,

Doubloons, Sovereigns, Guineas, Napoleons, Thalers, Eagles, Louisd'ors, Bank of England Notes, at high premiums.

6 per cent. allowed on Special Deposits, in sums not less than $100, to remain 30 days or more. Drafts and Notes of hand collected.

GEO. A. COOK, Exchange Broker.

April 9, 1833.

HERBS.

AN assortment of carefully dried Medicinal and Culinary Herbs; put up in the neatest manner by the Shakers, among which are Lemon Balm, Hoarhound, Catnep, Peppermint, Spearmint, Pennyroyal, Rue, Sage, Tanzey, Summer Savory, Thoroughmost Hyssop, Sweet Marjorum, Wormwood, Digitalis, Lobelia, Inflata, Slippery Elm Bark, &c. &c. Just received and for sale by

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.,
Corner of Fifth and Market streets.

April 23—tf

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

A Valuable Remedy for Syphilis, Mercurial, and Scrophulous Diseases.

TWO Table Spoons full of the Fluid Extract, added to fifteen ounces of Simple Syrup, immediately produces a mixture similar to a pound of the Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, and the same quantity added to fifteen ounces of water, instantly forms a mixture equivalent to a pint of Lisbon Diet Drink.

ALSO,

GEORGE W. CARPENTER'S

Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu,

For Diseases of the Bladder, Chronic Gonorrhoea, and Gleets of long standing.

For Sale at H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO's Drug Store, No. 42 Market street.

December 4, 1832.—tf

A. LAMONT & Co's Patent Vices:
Fullers' Screws:
Timber Wheel, do.:
Mill, do.:
Mill Spindles:
Blanchard's Cast Steel Corn & Grass Scythes:
De. German do. do.
Thompson's Sickles—on hand and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market & Water sts.

March 29—tf

REMOVAL.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF PAPER AND PAPER HANGINGS, have removed their Store from the corner of Third and Wood Streets to No. 80 Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, where they continne to keep on hand a General Assortment of

Writing, Wrapping, Printing, and Wall PAPER.

☞Paper of all sizes and descriptions made to order, at the shortest notice.

☞They will also continue to keep on hand a supply of SCHOOL BOOKS, suitable for Country Merchants.

☞The highest market price will always be given for Rags, Tanners' Scraps, and Scutching Tow.

May 28, 1833.—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers, having associated themselves together, under the firm of

DARLINGTON & PEEBLES,

(Late B. Darlington) as Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

No. 51 *Market, between 3d & 4th streets,*

Where they now have, and are receiving a general and splendid assortment of Cutlery, Plated and Tinned Saddlery, Plated Castors, do. Candle Sticks, Waiters, Snuffers and Trays, Shovels and Tongs, Astral, Stand, and Hanging Lamps, Hair Cloth for Sofas; together with all kinds of Birmingham goods, viz: Anvils, Vices, Steel, Mill & Cross Cut Saws, Shovels, Spades, and Axes. All which they offer on the most accommodating terms. Merchants and others are invited to call and examine.

ALSO,

A well selected assortment of Edge Tools,
BENCH AND MOULDING PLANES.

B. DARLINGTON,
ROBERT H. PEEBLES.

N. B. All those that are indebted to B. Darlington, either by Note or Book Account, will please call and settle, with as little delay as possible, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

B. DARLINGTON.

Nov. 20, 1832.—tf.

LAW NOTICE.

THE Subscribers, having associated in the PRACTICE OF THE LAW, will attend to the duties of their Profession in the county of Allegheny and the adjacent counties. Their Office is in the house recently occupied by T. B. Dallas, Esq., in Liberty street, and opposite to Fifth street, where they may, at all times, be consulted on professional business.

JOHN D. MAHON,
WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

June 4, 1833—tf

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, may 10, 1831—tf

FOR SALE,

A VERY ELIGIBLE PIECE OF GROUND upon Market street, in the city of Pittsburgh, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by H. Ward, containing, in Front, on Market street, thirty-two, and extending back sixty feet.—For terms, inquire of JOHN HORNER.

Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

TO RENT,

10 FRAME HOUSES—pleasantly situated in the village of Croghansville. Possession can be given immediately; rent very low.

Apply to JAMES BLAKELY,
May 24—tf Bayardstown.

VALUABLE LAW LIBRARY

THE Gentlemen of the Bar are respectfully informed that we have lately received, on consignment, an extensive Law Library, among which are some very valuable Reports. We are instructed to sell the books at the lowest prices.

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

April 19—tf

FOR RENT,

A FIRST Rate Wagon Tavern Stand. Also, for Rent, several Business Stands, situated in the most public parts of the city. For terms, inquire of DAVID GREER,

Jan. 15, 1833. *Lumber Merchant.*

Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash

THE Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash effectually cleanses the teeth and mouth, speedily removes all canker or soreness; likewise, the smell or taste from the use of tobacco, and all that is offensive in the breath; in fine, it preserves the teeth and mouth, in all respects, in a clean and healthy condition. For sale at

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co's
Drug Store, Corner of Fifth and Market street.

MERCHANTS' & MANUFACTURERS' BANK OF PITTSBURGH, SEPT. 23, 1833.

THE STOCKHOLDERS are hereby notified that an instalment (the fifth,) of $10 on each share of the Stock of this Bank is required to be paid on the 1st day of November next. By order.

J. CORREY, Cashier.

Sept. 24, 1833.

130 HHDS. LEAF TOBACCO—for sale by JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

August 6, 1833.

WANTED,

20 SHARES of Stock of the old Bank of Pittsburgh, for which $55 per share will be given. Apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.

May 24, 1833.

REMOVAL.

TASSEY & CHURCH

HAVE Removed to the extensive Ware-Houses, Numbers 108 and 110, Second, between Wood and Smithfield streets, lately occupied by Messrs. Cochran & Irwin, where they intend keeping constantly on hands, a full supply of all articles in the

GROCERY LINE,

TOGETHER WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

JUNIATA IRON AND NAILS, COPPER, TIN PLATE, AND WIRE.

Feb. 12, 1833.—tf

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

Jefferson Foundry.

THE UNDERSIGNED most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Iron Foundry Business, on the premises, Front street, (between Smithfield and Grant streets,) known as the Jefferson Foundry, where all orders will be received for Castings, Land or Boat Steam Engines, Machinery, &c., and will be executed with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAM'L SMITH,
BENJ. MINIS.

may 4, 1832—tf

Wanted,

SEVERAL Sums of Money on Mortgage, on good property in the City of Pittsburgh. Persons wishing to invest, will please apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, Pittsburgh.

March 12, 1833.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON

HAVE removed their assortment of WALL PAPERS AND BORDERS, to their Paper Hangings Manufactory, on Ross street, near the Monongahela River, where purchasers will please call. March 22.—tf.

FRESH DRUGS, &C.

WILLIAM MITCHELTREE & SON, *No.* 162, *Liberty street, opposite Sixth street,* have recently received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a fresh supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., which they will sell, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices.

☞They have also for sale, Dye stuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, &c.

July 5, 1833.—sw1m&w6m.

JAMES IRWIN

HAS on hand, and offers for sale, on accommodating terms—

2,000 pounds CAST STEEL;
500 do. CROWLEY STEEL;
4,000 do. LAMP BLACK;
4,000 do. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10
500 do. CANDLEWICK;
35 barrels PITCH;
30 tons LOG WOOD;
500,000 Kentucky SEGARS;
120 bundles BINDERS' BOARDS
75 groce BONNET BOARDS;
200 reams WRITING PAPER.

Pittsburgh, June 11, 1833—tf

20 BOXES Y. H. TEA;
20 do. LEMONS;
Just received and for sale by JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

July 2, 1833.

PORCELAIN TEETH.

DR. E. MERRITT, Dentist, has removed to the house formerly occupied by Mr. Anthony Beelen, No. 43 on the bank of the Monongahela river, between Market and Wood streets.

Dr. E. M. has on hand all kinds of teeth, now in use, and of superior quality. All operations of the teeth will be performed by him at the shortest notice. He has also a superior Dentrifice.

August 8—tf

NOTICE TO HATTERS.

THE Subscriber has the pleasure to inform the public that his establishment has been rebuilt, and that he is now prepared to manufacture *HAT BODIES, on an Improved Plan,* Which, he confidently believes, will give satisfaction to all who may try them.

Said Factory is situated on Water street, in the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, a few rods above the Canal, and adjoining the Foundry of M'Clurg, Pratt & Co.

The price for forming and hardening is *eleven dollars* per hundred.

Wool will be taken in payment: Bodies, of our native Wool, kept constantly on hand, for sale.

D. P. INGERSOLL.

☞ The other papers of the city, and the Wheeling Gazette, will please insert the above three times. June 11, 1833—tf

20 BARRELS LOUISVILLE LIME—received per Steam Boat Champion, and for sale by JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

May 28, 1833.—tf

ASSIGNMENT.

JAMES ADAMS, Junior, Merchant of this city, on the 13th instant, executed to the Subscribers a deed of Assignment of all his Estate, real, personal, and mixed, in trust for the benefit (among others) of those creditors who should, on or before the first of December next, execute a release or acquittance of the said Jas Adams, Jr. from all debts and demands.

The Assignment and Release may be examined at the office of James S. Craft, Esq. No. 35 Market street.

All persons having had dealings with Mr. Adams, are requested to call and settle their accounts and those indebted to pay the amounts due to the undersigned, or to Mr. F. R. Smith, at Mr. Adams' late Warehouse.

MICHAEL TIERNAN,
WILLIAM EBBS,
S P. DARLINGTON.

August 15, 1833.—dtf

NEW
WHOLESALE SHOE WAREHOUSE,
NO. 61 WOOD STREET,

WILLIAM DAILY has just received, direct from the Manufacturers, a choice and well selected assortment, embracing every variety in the line, which he will sell, wholesale, at a very small advance.

Merchants and others, visiting the city, are respectfully invited to examine his stock.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 23, 1833.—tf

☞The Steubenville Herald, Zanesville Republican, and New Lisbon Palladium, will each publish the above to the amount of $1, and charge the advertiser.

FISHER'S THERMOMETERS,

A VERY Superior article—for sale low at the corner of Wood and 6th streets.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK.

Nov. 4, 1833.

Antimasonic Almanacs, for 1834.

THIS day published, and for sale at SYLVESTER'S Bookstore, corner of Third and Wood streets. Aug. 12.

CUPPING & LEECHING.

D. B. SHRIEVES, (Successor to Dr. B. Best,) tenders his services to the Physicians and citizens of Pittsburgh as Cupper, Leecher, Bleeder, and Tooth Drawer.—Office nearly opposite the United States' Bank, Fourth street, Pittsburgh. July 31—tf

DOCTOR GEO. D. BRUCE.

OFFICE in Smithfield street, between Third and Fourth streets—east side.

August 14—tf

REMOVAL.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO.

DRUGGISTS,

HAVE removed to the corner of Fifth and Market streets, where a general assortment of **Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dyestuffs, &c.&c.** will be constantly kept on hand, and which they offer, wholesale or retail, on the most reasonable erms. April 23—tf

TO BE LET,

THE *Centre Building* in the range of Four Story Brick Houses recently erected on Market street, between 4th street and the Diamond. Possession will be given on the first day of January. For terms, apply to the subscriber, or in his absence, to Mr. James B. Irwin.

WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

November 22, 1832.—tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between ALFRED COCHRAN & JAS. IRWIN, trading under the title of Cochran & Irwin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by James Irwin.

ALFRED COCHRAN,
JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1, 1833. [Jan. 18—tf.]

PAPER MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscribers, having associated under the firm of C. LUKENS & Co., beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have a Soft Spring Paper Mill in successful operation, three miles from the city of Pittsburgh, where, from the excellence of the situation, which is high, with a free circulation of air, and sufficiently removed from the murky atmosphere of the city, and the long experience of two of the undersigned (Lysle & Tilton) in the manufacturing of Paper, they feel confident of offering to the public Paper not inferior to any made in the western country. The subscribers have a Paper Warehouse, at No. 134 Liberty street, near St. Clair street, where will be always kept on hand,

A Large and General Assortment of

PAPERS,

Which will be offered at very reasonable prices.

☞ Orders from the country, or elsewhere, thankfully received, and punctually attended to.

Rags, Scraps, &c. purchased at the highest prices, if delivered at the Warehouse, in Liberty street, or at the Paper Mill, near Lawrenceville.

G. LYSLE,
M. TILTON,
C. LUKENS.

June 25, 1833—tf

MANN'S AXES.

50 DOZEN MANN'S AXES—first quality. Just received and for sale by

JOHN D. DAVIS & CO.,
June 14. *No.* 38, *Water street.*

CIRCULAR.

THE undersigned, late of the firm of Cochran & Irwin, having purchased the interest of Messrs. Dobbin & Irwin, and taken the house lately occupied by them, corner of Market and Water streets, is now prepared to transact a *General Commission and Forwarding Busines.*

All consignments, or orders, addressed to him will meet with prompt attention, and every exertion will be made to promote the interest and secure the confidence of those who may entrust him with business.

A good assortment of *Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles,* at Manufacturers' prices, always on hand. JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1833.—tf

We take pleasure in recommending to our friends and customers, our successor, Mr. James Irwin, to whom we have sold our interest, and transferred our business. From our long acquaintance with Mr. Irwin, and entire confidence in his integrity and ability, we are well assured that he will give general satisfaction.

HAMILTON R. DOBBIN,
JAMES S. IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1, 1833.

SUPERIOR New Bedford (Winter) strained Oil, warranted genuine, for sale by

P. A. MADEIRA,
Corner of Market and Front streets.

Sept. 13, 1833.

German English Almanacs,

FOR 1834.

CALCULATED by the Rev. JOHN TAYLOR. Just published and for sale by

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,
No. 80 Front street.

Oct. 25, 1833.—tlJ

EXCHANGE
ON PHILADELPHIA & NEW YORK,
FOR SALE.

WANTED a few Shares in the Navigation and Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh. GEO. A. COOK,

Oct. 12. No. 68 Wood street.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE Subscribers, having purchased the interest of S. J. Sylvester, in his stores at this place and at Louisville, Ky. very respectfully inform their friends and the public at large, that they have associated themselves for the purpose of conducting the

PUBLISHING AND BOOKSELLING BUSINESS,

AT THE ABOVE PLACE.

They are fully prepared to fill orders from Country Dealers and others, at eastern prices, and flatter themselves that a disposition to give general satisfaction, and strict attention to business, will procure for them a fair share of the trade of these cities, and induce the friends of the former establishment to continue their patronage.

CHARLES L. COOK,
R. SCHOYER.

References—Riddle & Forsyth,
McKee, Clarke & Co.
John D. Davis,
Hutchison & Ledlie,
Tassey & Church,
S. P. Darlington,
Johnston & Stockton,
Wm. Bell & Co.
Carlisle & Birmingham,
S. Smith & Co.
George A. Cook,
Allen Kramer,
McClurg and Denniston,
T. B. Dallas, Esq.

Pittsburgh, Oct 1, 1833.

ALMANACS FOR 1834

TAYLOR'S Magazine Almanac, for 1834;
do. Common do. do.;
Franklin Magazine do. do.;
do. Common do. do.;
The Western Comic do. do.;
German do. do.;
German English do. do.;

For sale by the gross, dozen, or single one by JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

October 14—tf

FOR SALE—A number of Shares of Stock in the Navigation and Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

Apply to GEORGE A. COOK, Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. June 19.

5000 LBS. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10;
600 lbs. Candlewick;
Carded Cotton;
Carpet Yarn and Coverlet Yarn,
Sattinet Warps.

For sale by GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd,
January 29, 1833. No. 26 Wood street.

Journal of the Franklin Institute,

New Series—Vol. II. No. 2—For August, 1833.

CONTENTS.—Long's Locomotive Engine; Sparks from Steam Engine Flues, preventing; French Percussion Cannon Lock.

Franklin Institute—Monthly Meeting.

Bibliographical Notices.—Flint's Lectures—Young's Elements of Geometry.

American Patents.—List of American Patents for February, 1833, with Remarks by the Editor.

Specification.—For a Shifting Cooking Stove, Cressman's.

English Patents.—For ornamenting Piano Forte Keys, Isaac's; for Improvements in the Steam Engine, Trevithick's; Remarks on the foregoing, by the Editor; for a Pudding Furnace, Horton's.

Translations.—List of French Patents; Polytechnic Society of Paris; Prize offered in Chemical Science.

Selections.—On Casting Statues in Metal; on Friction, and Resistance to Motion; on the Deviation of the Compass, by Rev. W. Scoresby; obtaining Cream from Milk; Secrets in Pottery; Biscuit Baking Machinery, Steam Carriages; Preserving Fruit without Sugar; Dissolving Amber and Copal.

Popular Science.—On the Colors of Grooved Surfaces, &c.; Aldini's Fireman's Defence.

Meteorological Observations for June.

Nov. 2, 1833.

ALMANACS FOR 1834.

CRAMER'S Magazine and Common Almanac—for sale by

M. P. O'HERN,
Franklin Head, Wood street.

Nov. 5, 1833.—tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his very valuable tract of land, upon Chartier's creek, about four miles from Pittsburgh, where the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Turnpike Road crosses it. The said tract contains one hundred and forty five acres of land, seventy of which are cleared, and under good fence.—The improvements upon this tract are—a good merchant mill, with three run of stones, and a saw mill, situated on a never failing stream of water, with eight feet head and fall; a stone distillery, forty feet square; a dwelling house, barn and stables.——For terms, apply to the subscriber, living on the premises.

ROBERT BALDWIN.

Oct. 22, 1833.—tf.

Superior Sherry, Madeira, and

PORT—Just received, in addition to his former stock, Old and Superior East India Madeira Wine, from the House of Newton, Gordon, Murdock, and Scot, of Madeira; London Particular, South side Madeira, vintage 1825; Fine Gold Sherry Wine of Duff, Gordon & Co's brand; Pale and Brown Sherry, in Bottle and on Draught; Old Grape Juice Port, superior; Champagne, Anchor brand; London Particular Teneriffe Wine.

BRANDIES.

Fine Pale Virgin Brandy, vintage 1802; Champagne Brandy; Otard, Signette, Rochelle, Spanish, and Bordeaux Brandies.

GINS.

Weesp Anchor, Schedam, Hourglass, Meden, Swan, and Pine Apple; Jamaica and St. Croix Rums.

The above stock has been selected with great care, and are all warranted pure and genuine.—They will be sold on the most reasonable terms. Apply at the Wine and Liquor Store of

ALEXANDER BAILIE,
Corner of Market and Third streets.

Oct. 7, 1833.

DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

MONDAY AFTERNOON, DECEMBER 9, 1833.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.—We publish this document to day—to morrow, we will publish Mr. Duane's Exposition; and as soon as the reasons of the Secretary of the Treasury for the removal of the deposits arrives, we will give that a place. Until we have disposed of these heavy articles, we will claim but a small portion of our columns for editorial remarks.

COMMUNICATED.

CROSS CUT CANAL.

"Colonel Kearney, of the U. S. Engineers, who made the surveys, is highly gratified with the decision of the delegates from Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, and with the proceedings of the Convention generally. He has, at all times, since he examined the rout, entertained the most favorable opinion of it; and he fully concurs with me in believing the United States should subscribe liberally towards the construction of the canal, and considers it as an extension of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal."

The above is a passage of a letter from a distinguished member of Congress, dated Washington, 28 Nov., 1833; and forms only one of the many confirmatory items of evidence, as to the correctness of the decision made at Warren. And, in truth, when we consider that the Ohio canal with which we seek to connect ourselves, is upwards of 300 miles in length, and that the distance thereon from *Akron* to *Massillon*, the rival points of intersection, *is but* 27 *miles*, no one can seriously believe that any of the essential benefits anticipated from the adoption of either, will be lost by the choice that has necessarily been made between them.

The selection of Delegates from Philadelphia to to the Convention was a very judicious one. Mr. Abraham Miller has been, for many years, and now is, a representative in the State Legislature, and has long taken a leading part in questions of internal improvement. Another member, Mr. Josiah White, was formerly a canal commissioner of the State, and is extensively known as a practical engineer of great skill, experience and success. The others are gentlemen engaged largely in commercial business, some of whom are stockholders in the various schemes of improvements, which have, of late years, started up, and have enjoyed the best means of knowing intimately the state of public opinion, and the inclinations of capitalists. The unanimous decision of such a body *against* the rail road, and *in favor of* the canal cannot but be deemed conclusive. Unquestionably, it will be so, as far as Philadelphia is concerned. If the work thus recommended be not undertaken, no *other* will.

☞The Rev. JAMES SMITH, a native of Scotland, will preach in the Cumberland Presbyterian church, on Tuesday, the 10th inst., at 6 o'clock in evening.

VIGILANT FIRE COMPANY.

At a meeting of the Vigilant Fire Company, held at the Washington Coffee House, on Thursday evening, the 5th inst., the following persons were elected officers:—

President—James Crossan.
Vice President—Peter Beard.
Treasurer—J. D. Stewart.
Secretary—John B. Semple.
Captain—J. R. M'Clintock.
1*st. Lieutenant*—S. M'Cullough.
2*d. Lieutenant*—Thomas H. Patterson.
Engineers—1st, E. D. Greer—2d, J. A. Stockton—3d, D. W. Gordon—4th, L. Rogers.
Hose Directors—1st, W. W. Peters—2d, W. S. Haven—3d, H. N. Barker—4th, J. M. Lowrie—5th, A. Peter—6th, G. C. Morgan—7th, J. D. Stewart—8th, Alfred Nesmith—9th John Crossan.
Assistant Hose Directors.—Standish Peppard, Jr.—A. J. Stewart—Thos. R. Cotter—John B. Semple—W. M'Clintock—E. Mellon—M. M'Closkey—Wade Hampton—Wm. Clare.
Axe Men.—Arthur Mellon—John Black.

The following gentlemen were admitted as Honorary Members—Hon. Wm. Wilkins—Abner Updegraff—M. B. Lowrie, Esq.—W. Forward, Esq.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 9, 1833.

CONGRESS.

DECEMBER 5.

To the Senate, yesterday, the President of the United States returned the Land Bill, which passed both Houses of Congress at the last session, accompanied by a long Message, stating the grounds upon which he had declined signing the Bill. The reception and reading of this message (which we shall give at large hereafter) gave rise to a Debate, in which some strong points were made. A synopsis of that Debate only is allowed by our room to day; but a fuller report will be given to morrow.

Mr. Clay has given notice that he will, on Thursday next, introduce a new Bill, similar to that passed at the last Session, which the President refused to sign.—*Nat. Intel.*

Mr. Calhoun gave notice, yesterday, in the Senate, that he should, on Monday, ask for leave to introduce a bill to repeal the act (passed at the last session of Congress) for further enforcing the collection of the revenue.—*Nat Int.*

The President, in his Message, speaks of the report of the Government Directors, as having determined him with reference to the withdrawal of the deposits. The report was was made out *late in August*, yet, by a reference to Mr. Duane's exposition, it will be perceived that the removal of the deposits was determined on in the month of *July.—Nat. Gaz.*

DIED,

At East Liberty, on Monday evening last, Miss ADELINE KERR, daughter of Sarah Kerr.

PORT OF PITTSBURGH.

ARRIVALS.

Dec. 6.—Beaver, Stone, Beaver.
" Exchange, Campbell, Brownsville;
7, Winnebago, ——, St. Louis—1,400 pigs Lead, to the Captain.
" Jack Downing, Martin, Steubenville;
" Ohioan, Klinefelter, (new boat;)
8, Boston, Brickle, Louisville—manifest not obtained.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 6.—Beaver, Stone, Beaver;
" Enterprize, Blackstock, Wellsville;
7 Gallipolis, Jackson, St. Louis;
8 Fame, Crooks, Louisville.

BOATS IN PORT.

Dec. 6.—Olive Branch, Mays;
" Ohioan, Klinefelter;
" Exchange, Campbell;
" Winnebago, ——;
" Boston, Brickle.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE,

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

FELLOW CITIZENS:

In communicating to the General Assembly, information of the state of the Commonwealth, I rejoice, that I am enabled to congratulate you on the propitious circumstances under which you have met to perform your Legislative duties.—Our country still continues to be the abode of peace; the home of freemen; the favored spot of earth to which the nations of the world continue to look as to the only abiding place of rational liberty. To the American patriot, when he contemplates the pre-eminent advantages his own country possesses over those of every other, in its universal prosperity; the extent, variety, and fertility of its soil; the salubrity of its climate; its physical strength and resources, and the unspeakable amount of human comfort and happiness it imparts, the reflection must be peculiarly gratifying, that the government under which he lives, and by which he is protected, so mild in its measures; so simple in its structure; based upon the will and the affections of the people; noiselessly, but effectually, operating upon and controlling more than twelve millions of citizens, native or adopted; its power no where seen or felt, except in the administration and the execution of just and equitable laws, righteously administered, and mildly, but firmly enforced, continues, after the lapse of little short of half a century, to unfold the appropriate energies inherent in its constitution, to withstand all the trials and difficulties with which it has been destined to contend; and that our unostentatious republican institutions, emanating from the people and sustained by their virtue and intelligence, have emerged from every onset, whether of foreign war or domestic disaffection, with such healthful manifestations of undiminished energy and vigor, as to inspire renewed confidence in their stability, and to encourage a belief in the perpetuity of their endurance. A prudent course of administration, extending its fostering care and protecting influence into every part of the Union; that will continue to cherish the great national interests of Agriculture, Commerce and Manufactures, preserving them as much as possible in a condition of prosperous equality, neither fostering the one to the exclusion of others, nor withholding aid and encouragement from either, when it is needed, will contribute greatly towards producing so desirable a result.

In our own Commonwealth, we are in the enjoyment of every comfort that can reasonably be desired to minister to the wants, or to gratify the wishes of rational creatures. The health of our citizens, with the exception of a slight visitation in a single quarter of the State, has been marvellously preserved; abundant harvests have richly rewarded the toil of the husbandman, and a prosperity, as universal as it is grateful, is the portion of an industrious, enterprising people.—In appreciating these blessings, as we ought, fellow citizens, it becomes us to be mindful of our obligations to the beneficent source from whence they are derived, and to adore, with grateful hearts, the goodness of Him who so bountifully supplies all our wants, and graciously dispenses to each of us so many unmerited favors.

Your predecessors having failed, at the last session of the General Assembly, to elect a Senator, to represent this State in the Congress of the United States, for six years, from the fourth of March last, the duty will devolve upon you to fill the vacancy which was thus occasioned and now exists; and as the State is but partially represented in that dignified branch of the national Legislature, now in session, your early attention is respectfully invited to the subject.

In the course of your deliberations, but few laws of a general nature will require your attention; such, however, of that description, as will present themselves for your consideration, will be of general interest to our constituents, and public expectation will be disappointed, if their enactment should be neglected or postponed.—With few exceptions, our civil and criminal codes are sufficiently copious already, and contain provisions and sanctions abundantly comprehensive, as well for the just and equitable administration of the government in all its departments, as for the protection of the citizen in all his rights.—The former is under a course of revision by commissioners appointed under a resolution of the General Assembly, who, so far as they have progressed in the difficult work, have given ample proof of a determination, as well as the ability, to give the State a code of laws as perfect as human industry, laborious research, and legal skill combined, can make it, and which will, it is believed, require but little more of the action of the General Assembly to give it effect, than its sanction and approval. Several reports have heretofore been made by the revisers, in part, accompanied by bills, some of which still remain to be acted upon by the Legislature; and being for the most part of much general interest, it is believed, that their enactment into laws would conduce to the public good. A further report, from the same source, of other important bills, may be expectly shortly.

The promptitude with which crime is detected; its efficient and certain punishment; the checks and restraints imposed upon criminals by the provisions introduced into our penal code, designed as well for the reformation as for the punishment of the convict, it is believed will always furnish as much security to the lives, the persons, and the property of our citizens, as can be reasonably expected from human enactments.—It may not be improper here to state, for the information of the General Assembly, that our plan of penitentiary reform, as practised in the prison at Philadelphia, denominated "The Eastern Penitentiary," continues to elicit the approbation of all who have had an opportunity of witnessing its salutary influence upon the unfortunate convicts, and to answer the just expectations of its most ardent friends. On the first day of November, last, there were one hundred and thirty-two convicts confined within the cells of this prison, of which number, one hundred and twenty-eight were males, and four females. Fifty-one of these were received into the prison since the first of January last. In the management of the institution, and the enforcement of its discipline, great praise is due to those to whom the supervision and care of the establishment is confided, and to none more peculiarly so, than to the prudent and intelligent warden to whose acuteness and sagacity, the system owes many of its valuable improvements, and to whose energy and firmness in carrying it into execution, it is greatly indebted for its efficiency and success. That the depraved and reckless inmates of one hundred and thirty-two cells should be reduced to obedience and submission, without the infliction of stripes, or a more rigorous punishment than solitary confinement without labor, and a diminution of food for the refractory; and separate confinement with labor, the ordinary discipline of the establishment, for those who are not so, is not a little extraordinary; but that the punishment, thus inflicted, should be so far efficacious as to reclaim the hardened offender, as would seem to be demonstrated by the remarkable fact, that of fifty-two convicts discharged from the prison since it has gone into operation, not one of them has been returned, is truly astonishing. From the organization of the establishment until the first of October, last, its avails, arising principally from the profits upon the labor of the convicts, have exceeded its current expenses to the amount of eight hundred and fifty-seven dollars and sixty-four cents; but there has been an excess of the latter, over the former, for the ten months immediately preceding and ending on the same first day of October, last, of four hundred and eighty-six dollars; this is accounted for, partly, upon the ground of the depreciation in the value of cotton goods manufactured at the prison, of which there was a heavy stock on hand when the depression took place; partly from the want of capital to pay for the raw material, of which there was purchased on the credit of the institution, and used in the manufacturing department to the value of ten thousand dollars, upon which sum, after the usual periods of credit, interest accrued, the payment of which necessarily reduced to a certain extent the proceeds arising from that source; and lastly, from the receipt into the establishment of a large number of convicts who were not mechanics, and whom it was necessary to instruct in some mechanic art before their labor could become profitable to the institution, and whose earnings until then were not equal to their subsistence. It is believed by tcose whose opinions are the result of experience, and are consequently entitled to respectful consideration, that if a moderate fund should be appropriated by the Legislature of the State, and placed at the disposal of the persons having the charge of the manufacturing department, thus enabling them to purchase the raw material at cash prices, the advantages resulting to the institution would be found to be of sufficient moment to justify the measure. Without, however, expressing an opinion on the subject, I submit the suggestion itself for the consideration of the General Assembly.

In pursuance of the authority and directions contained in the act of the twenty-seventh February last, "*relative to the Western and Eastern Penitentiaries, and the Philadelphia County Prisons;*" the Inspectors of the Western Penitentiary have been actively engaged in effecting the alterations in the structure of that establishment, contemplated in the first section of the act; and of the one hundred and eighty-four cells authorized to be constructed, the stone and brick work of a block, consisting of one hundred and four cells of two stories in height, adapted to the discipline of solitary confinement with labor as practised in the Eastern Penitentiary, is nearly completed, and the other work pertaining to them is also considerably advanced. It is confidently believed that with proper exertions this tier of cells will be fit for the reception of convicts early in the month of April next. Other important portions of the work, forming essential parts of the contemplated alterations, consisting of structures of various kinds, are in a state of active forwardness, and will, together with the cells above mentioned, be roofed and closed in, during the present season. When both these establishments shall have been entirely completed, and the system of discipline intended to be enforced throughout, shall have gone into full operation, it is not doubted that a considerable revenue will be derived to the State from these sources.

Whilst we lament the depravity, and deplore the frailty of human nature, which give occasion to the necessity for supporting such institutions amongst us; it requires no extraordinary stretch of sagacity to trace their causes, in a great measure, to an entire neglect of mental culture and of moral and religious instruction, which is so alarmingly conspicuous in some parts of our (in other respects) flourishing Commonwealth; and to discover a remedy which, if not sovereign, will at least contribute to a more healthy state of the public virtue and morals; in a suitable attention to an enlightened cultivation of the minds of our youth; to a more general diffusion of knowledge, and to an enlarged, liberal and extensive intellectual improvement; capable of elevating the understanding above the degrading influence of the passions; the seductive blandishments of vice; or the deceptive delusions that mask the infamy of crime.

UNIVERSAL EDUCATION, if it were practicable to enforce it every where, would operate as a powerful check upon vice, and would do more to diminish the black catalogue of crimes, so generally prevalent, than any other measure, whether for prevention or punishment, that has hitherto been devised; in this State, it is not only considered as being entirely practicable, but is enjoined by the Constitution as a solemn duty, the non-compliance with which, has already stamped the stain of inexcusable negligence, upon the character of the Commonwealth, which nothing short of prompt and efficient measures in compliance with the constitutional requisition can remove. The Legislature has the authority of the constitution to act efficiently and without control in this matter. And "to provide by law, for the establishment of schools throughout the State, in such manner that the poor may be taught gratis," is one of the public measures to which I feel it to be my duty now to call your attention, and most solemnly to press upon your consideration. Our apathy and indifference, in reference to this subject, becomes the more conspicuous, when we reflect, that whilst we are expending millions for the improvement of the physical condition of the State, we have not hitherto appropriated a single dollar, that is available, for the intellectual improvemant of its youth; which in a moral and political point of view, is of ten fold more consequence, either as respects the moral influence of the state, or its political power and safety. Let me not be understood, however, as objecting to the expenditure of money in prosecuting the public works—far from it; but I would respectfully urge that whilst the one is being successfully done, the other should not be left undone; indeed, judging from the flattering indications already given by the former, there is reason to believe that, from the redundant and progressively increasing revenue which may with great certainty be expected to flow into the treasury from that source, much aid may, at no distant day, be derived to the latter, should it be found expedient to resort to that branch of the public revenue for such a purpose.

According to the returns of the last census, we have, in Pennsylvania, five hundred and eighty-one thousand one hundred and eighty children, under the age of fifteen years and one huudred and forty-nine thousand and eighty-nine, between the ages of fifteen and twenty years, forming an aggregate of seven hundred and thirty thousand two hundred and sixty-nine juvenile persons of both sexes, under the age of twenty years, most of them, requiring more or less instruction. And yet, with all this numerous youthful population, growing up around us, who in a few years are to be our rulers and our law givers, the defenders of our country and the pillars of the State, and upon whose education will depend, in a great measure, the preservation of our liberties and the safety of the Republic, we have neither schools established for their instruction, nor provision made by law, for establishing them as enjoined by the constitution. How many of the number last mentioned, would be entitled, within the meaning of the constitution, to be "*taught gratis*," I have no means of ascertaining, but am inclied to the opinion, that four hundred thousand would fall short of the true number; about twenty thousand, of these; as appears from the returns made to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, under a resolution of the House of Representatives of the ninth of January last, are returned as charity scholars, whose tuition is to be paid for out of the county funds, leaving, according to this assumption, three hundred and eighty thousand entirely uninstructed.

I have said that there has not hitherto been an appropriation made that is available for the purpose of education; this is literally true, but the legislature, by the act of second of April, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, have made provision for creating a fund, in prospect, for that object, by setting apart for common school purposes, the proceeds arising from unpatented lands, fees in the land office, and all moneys received in pursuance of the provisions contained in the fourth section of the act to increase the county rates and levies, passed the twenty-fifth day of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, which, it is estimated, will, on the fourth day of April next, amount to a sum not less than five hundred and forty-six thousand five hundred and sixty three dollars and seventy two cents. This sum, with the amount annually accruing from the increased county rates and levies for the use of the Commonwealth whilst the act continues in force, and that arising from a continuance of the avails of the land office thereafter, is chargeable upon the internal improvement fund, at a compound interest of 5 per cent. per annum, until it shall produce one hundred thousand dollars annually, after which the interest is to be distributed at the end of each year, and applied to the support of common schools throughout the State. Estimating this fund in its most unfavorable aspect, the interest will amount to the sum contemplated for distribution on or about the first of April, eighteen hundred and forty-three; in the mean time, however, there are no available means for commencing this much desired measure of State policy, this true system of republican equality that will level all distinction between rich and poor; that will place the child of the most indigent citizen of the Commonwealth upon a level with that of his richer neighbor, both in the school room and upon the Campus; will instruct the rising generation in their duties as citizens; enable them to appreciate the sentiment of acquired freedom; and secure the perpetuation of civil and religious liberty to our country, by teaching them what civil and religious liberty really import and mean. It is to this all-important measure, both as regards our happiness as a people and of the sincerity of our invaluable political institutions, to which I would earnestly invite your immediate attention and upon which I would solicit your prompt action.

It is time, fellow citizens, that the character of our State should be redeemed from the state of supineness, and indifference under which its most important interests, the education of its citizens, have so long been languishing, and that a system should be arranged that would ensure, not only an adequate number of schools to be established throughout the State, bnt would extend its provisions so as to secure the education and instruction of a competent number of active, intelligent teachers, who will not only be prepared but well qualified, to take upon themselves the government of the schools, and to communicate instruction to the scholars. Some of our colleges that had been abandoned either from mismanagement, or the want of sufficient encouragemennt, are about to be resuscitated under encouraging circumstances; most of these have partaken largely of the liberality and bounty of the State, and would doubtless willingly extend their aid to accomplish an object so desirable.—Others have but recently been established and gone into operation, and have as yet, received no share of the Commonwealth's munificence; some, if not all of these last mentioned, have adopted the popular and improved Fellenberg system of uniting labor with study; these, it is believed, would make admirable nurseries for bringing up and qualifying young men for the business of teaching. Moderate appropriations in aid of those literary institutions that have not participated of the Commonwealth's bounty, might place them in a condition to furnish the State with a respectable number of well educated young men, instructed, as some of those institutions propose to do, in the business of teaching as a profession, in a short time and at a comparatively trifling expense. These suggestions are thrown out for your consideration, should they elicit a more eligible or better plan for attaining the end desired, it will afford me much gratification to unite with the General Assembly in carrying it into effect.

The opinion is entertained by many of our citizens and not a few of our statesmen, that individual enterprize, in Pennsylvania, has been greatly discouraged and in some instances entirely depressed, by the too general and indiscriminate conferring of corporate privileges, creating monopolies in branches of industry which ought to be left to individual exertion alone.—Our statute books exhibit a spirit of liberality, in the legislation of the State in that respect, which it might be prudent, in some measure, to restrain. The true line of discrimination would seem to be this, that in all great and important undertakings or enterprises, having for their object the advancement of the public convenience, accommodation or interest, to the accomplishment of which individual effort and capital would be inadequate, acts for the corporation of companies or associations of individuals, may be safely, and, in many instances, beneficially granted; but, wherever a branch of business or enterprize of any kind can be successfully and advantageously conducted or carried on by citizens in their individual capacities, there ought to be no legislative interference; but the enterprize, whatever it may be, should be left entirely to individual exertion, and to that spirit of competition which never fails to be awakened and rendered sagacious by personal interest or the alluring prospect of gain. Another objection, of much force, is made to the privilege of voting by proxy, peculiar in this country, I believe, to corporations alone, as being entirely at variance with the genius and principles of our government.—This seion of arbitrary power, it is believed, ought not to remain engrafted upon our institutions, inasmuch as it is often perverted to the basest of purposes, by the individual who has address enough to procure a sufficient number of proxies to control the elections of the institution of which he is a member: the provisions of the acts of Assembly on this subject, being either entirely disregarded or shamefully evaded. The tyranny displayed by individuals, resulting from this privilege, is not unfrequently severely felt by the members of the corporation themselves, who become objects of displeasure with him who wields the power, but the whole community within the reach of its influence, is often injuriously affected by it. Other reasons might be advanced to induce legislative interference; enough has been said, it is presumed, to elicit inquiry.

Complaints are general throughout the state, in reference to the laws now in force, denominated "the Militia System," and the burdens and exactions in which they involve a large portion of the most industrious and useful class of our citizens. Many of these complaints are doubtless well-founded, and require a corrective; but whatever may be the defects and imperfections of the system, a question worthy of grave consideration presents itself at the very threshold of the inquiry,—to determine as to the nature and extent of the remedy to be applied, and how far it is within the competency of the Legislature of a State to apply it. The Constitution of the United States has expressly delegated to Congress the power "*to provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia;*" reserving to the states "*the appointment of officers and the training of the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress.*" The act of Congress of the eighth of May, seventeen hundred and ninety-two, entitled, "*An act to provide more effectually for the national defence, by establishing an uniform militia throughout the United States,*" has made provision for the organization, and prescribed the rules of discipline according to which the militia is to be exercised and trained; and has also designated, with sufficient clearness and certainty, the description of persons who are to be subject to the discipline prescribed. That there is a much greater number of militia enrolled and obliged to submit to the alternative of training or paying fines, than there is occasion for, or than will be needed or could be usefully employed for the defence of the country, will not, I presume, be disputed; but, whether that number could be reduced to the extent desired, without running counter to the provisions of the paramount act of Congress referred to, and disturbing the uniformity intended to be established by Congress throughout the United States, is a question worthy of consideration. The system, as at present existing in Pennsylvania, is not only grievously burdensome to the people, but is a drain, to a considerable extent, upon the public treasury, and its radical reorganization *must be entire*, and to accomplish that, Congress alone, according to my impression, possesses the power. The Legislatures of the States may administer palliatives, but do not possess the competent means to effect a radical cure. I think I am borne out in this opinion, by the course recently pursued by the Legislatures of several of our sister States, instructing their Senators and requesting their Representatives in Congress, to use their exertions to procure the passage of a law for the more perfect organization of the militia of the several States of the Union; evidently questioning their own competency to arrange systems for their respective States, independently of the acts of Congress. A communication, containing resolutions to this effect, has been received from the Governor of the State of New Hampshire, since the adjournment of the Legislature, copies of which are herewith transmitted. I take great pleasure in informing the General Assembly, that from information recently received, I am authorized to state, that the board of commissioners to revise the Civil Code, have prepared a bill in relation to this distracting subject, which may be expected at an early period of the present session; and from the able manner in which the gentlemen composing that board discharge their duties generally, and the thorough examination the subject upon which each bill reported by them is predicated, undergoes before it is submitted to the Legislature, we may expect to derive much valuable information from its arrangement and provisions, and the views taken of the subject by the commissioners, in their report, if we should not approve of the bill itself in all its details.

The loan of two millions five hundred and forty thousand six hundred and sixty-one dollars and forty-four cents, authorized by the act of the sixteenth of February last, after the usual notice had been given, was taken by Dr. Jesse R. Burden, he agreeing to pay one hundred and thirteen dollars and fifty-one cents in money, for every hundred dollars of stock, bearing an interest of five per cent. per annum: And that of five hundred and thirty thousand dollars, directed to be made by the act of the twenty-seventh of March last, was taken, after similar notice, by Messrs. S. & M. Allen of the city of Philadelphia, at one hundred and fourteen dollars in money, for every one hundred dollars of stock, bearing a like interest; they having previously become possessed of the first mentioned loan, by transfer from the original holder. By these several transactions, the State will have realized, upon receipt of the whole amount borrowed, two hundred and fifty-one thousand three hundred and fifty-seven dollars and fifty-eight cents. in premiums, or as bounties paid for the loans thus made.

In my last annual message, I stated upon information derived from a source in which I had entire confidence, that most of the new works, then under contract, would be finished in the course of this season. It appears, however, that the expectations then entertained will not be realized to the extent anticipated. Various causes, not within their control, as I have been informed, are assigned, for their non-completion, in the reports of the agents having immediate charge of the works. As a statement of the causes that operated to produce such a result will be exhibited in detail by the board of canal commissioners in their report, I respectfully refer you to that document for the necessary explanations. Whilst, however, it is to be regretted that any portion of the public works alluded to should, from any cause, remain unfinished, it is nevertheless highly gratifying to learn, that although only seventy-two additional miles of canal and rail-road have been in use during the present season the tolls have been increased to an amount in that time nearly threefold that of the preceding season. The tolls received upon our public improvements during the year ending on the 31st of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, amounted to fifty thousand nine hundred and nine dollars and fifty-seven cents; those received for the year ending on the 31st of October last, amount to one hundred and fifty-one thousand four huudred and nineteen dollars and sixty-nine cents, and this too, before the works had become connected, or the people were prepared with the necessary means for transportation upon them. It is confidently expected by those whose means of information enables them to calculate with some degree of certainty, that the tolls to be received for the current year ((1834), will fall little short of, if they do not exceed, a half a million of dollars. Should that be the case, of which there is scarcely a doubt entertained, the public improvements will at once have relieved the people from the payment of the interest upon ten millions of dollars of State debt, and to that amount, the debt contracted by the State for internal improvements may be considered as neutralized if not virtually paid; the improvements being to all intents and purposes equivalent in point of value to the sum upon which their proceeds pay the interest. It is proper, however, to remark that in order to realize this sum from tolls, as well as to secure the trade of the West, much will depend upon the enterprize and exertion of individuals.—The State at a vast expense will have completed early next spring, an entire line of communication between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh by canals and rail-ways; upon these, merchandize and produce can be transported from city to city, in the short period of eight days, and that too, at a rate of freight so much reduced, as to enable us to enter into successful competition with our rivals for the Western trade. But this trade, so

im portant, as well to the revenue of the Commonwealth, as to the future wealth and prosperity of our commercial cities, is not to be secured but by timely and vigorous efforts. The Commonwealth, so far as she was concerned in the general welfare, has done her duty in constructing the public works; but it is not expected that she will line them with boats, or cover them with cars; this must be done, if done at all, by individuals or companies. The importance of securing the trade of the Western States, has for years past, attracted the attention of two of our most enterprizing and prosperous sister States, the one on the North and the other on the South, nor have the most strenuous and persevering efforts been wanting on their part to monopolize so important a branch of commerce. A policy on our part that would induce us to remain idle spectators when so much is at stake, would be altogether indefensible, especially when we have all the advantages of a central position: the shortness of our route: the advantages of earlier and later navigation of our canals: our mineral wealth and agricultural productions, all presenting a superiority of advantages and facilities in accomplishing the important object, which if early embraced and vigorously improved, will not fail to secure to our Commonwealth, a complete ascendency. To our merchants and others interested in securing a commerce so extensive as well as profitable, the necessity of prompt and efficient measures to have in readiness all the facilities and means for an active and energetic transportation upon our public works early in the spring, must be manifestly obvious.

For the amount in detail, of the appropriations that will be required to complete the unfinished works, and finish the rail roads with the necessary appendages to put them in operation, I must beg leave to refer you to the report of the board of canal commissioners.

With prospects so flattering, fellow citizens, in the very infancy of our public works, the friends of the internal improvement policy may rest satisfied that the day is not far distant, when Pennsylvania, encouraged by the success which has attended her public improvements; their continually increasing productiveness; the overflowing treasury, for which she will be indebted to the redundant revenues derived from that source; and threatened as she is, on all sides to be deprived of that commerce of Nature seems to [redacted] will in her own defence Erie to mingle with the the Delaware; the Ohio tary to her own extensive in ters of the Cayuga and Sen of the Elmira canal, to unite Susquehanna; & will cause the tries, drained by the improvemen this will be accomplished, to "smile as the rose." This may be regard now, but it must become fact before judging from "the signs of the times," not be surprising if it should all happen own day and generation, and be achieved by the force of public opinion itself.

The finances of the Commonwealth should always claim the attention of a vigilant Legislature; and a rigid scrutiny and examination into their condition, and the conduct of those to whose control and management they are entrusted, will not fail to be attended with beneficial consequences. The reports of the accounting officers will be laid before you, and will exhibit a most healthful and prosperous state of the revenue for the fiscal year, ending on the first of November, last. The receipts into the Treasury arising from the ordinary sources of income, will be found to have exceeded those of the last year to the amount of fifty-seven thousand, seven hundred and forty-four dollars and fifty-four cents, and after defraying the current expenses of the Government, a large amount of local appropriations, and restoring to the internal improvement fund the sum of one hundred and thirty-five thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven dollars and eighteen cents, which had been authorized by law to be taken from that fund for the payment of interest due in August, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, have left a balance in the Treasury, on the first of November last, of three hundred and sixty-seven thousand, four hundred and twenty-three dollars and thirty cents, to meet future contingent and other demands upon the Government. It is proper that I should state, for the information of the General Assembly, that three hundred and eighty thousand dollars, part of a loan of six hundred thousand dollars authorized by act of thirtieth March, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, will be reimbursable on the first of May next: such, however, are the gratifying assurances received from the heads of the financial departments, as to leave no doubt of the ability of the Treasury, without materially interfering with the numerous other demands upon it, to meet the occasion, and to reimburse to the holders of the stock, the amount of principal and interest that will then be due, without the necessity of resorting to a loan, or any other measure for that purpose. It affords me great pleasure to assure the General Assembly, that such are the cheering prospects in regard to the future redundancy of the revenues of the State, and the flattering evidences of continued accretion and increase, as to leave no doubt of the entire ability which will thus accrue to the Treasury, and enable it to meet the ordinary demands upon it as they shall hereafter arise.

As it is more than probable that the commissioners for revising the civil code will prepare and report a bill for the organization of the several courts, I shall forbear from urging the subject of the judicatory upon your attention at this time.

I received, during the recess of the Legislature, a communication from the Secretary of the Navy, in relation to the act of the last session, ceding to the United States jurisdiction over certain grounds and buildings belonging to the Navy Asylum, near the city of Philadelphia, to which I would ask the early attention of the General Assembly. Copies of the communication will be laid before you.

I have also received from the Governor of Massachusetts, communications accompanied by an act and resolution of the Legislature of that State, on the subject of lotteries; also a report and resolutions relative to a proposition for a convention of the States, to revise the Constitution of the United States; also a report and resolutions in relation to certain resolutions of the State of Georgia on the same subject,

A letter from the Governor of New Hampshire enclosing a resolution of the Legislatnre of that State, relative to an exchange of law reports.

A letter from the Executive of the State of Connecticut, enclosing certain resolutions of the General Assembly of that State, relative to the Tariff laws, and amendments of the Constitution of the United States.

A communication from the Governor of Maryland, enclosing certain resolutions of the General Assembly relative to South Carolina ordinances.

Also a communication from the Governor of the State of Mississippi, enclosing the proceedings of the Legislature of that State, upon certain resolutions of the Legislature of the State of Georgia, in relation to the call of a convention of the States, for the purpose of amending the Federal Constitution: Copies of all which, will be laid before you.

In closing this communication, allow me, fellow-citizens, to advert once more to the happy condition of our beloved country, and its incomparable institutions, and whilst I exhort you to watch with an untiring vigilance over the political rights of our own Commonwealth, reserved to her by the great charter of our liberties, permit me to invoke your patriotism and your zeal, and through you, that of our common constituents, in behalf of that unity of government which constitutes us one people; to implore you and them to rally round the Federal Union, as the palladium of our political safety and happiness; watching, in the language of the father of his country, "for its preservation with jealous anxiety, discountenancing whatever may suggest even a suspicionthat it can in any event be abandoned, and indignantly frowning upon the first dawning of every attempt to alienate any portion of our country from the rest, or to enfeeble the sacred ties which now link together the various parts."

Finally, in the discharge of your legislative duties, let me assure you of a hearty concurrence, on my part, in all constitutional acts and measures tending to the public good; and that you may be guided, in your deliberations, by that wisdom which cannot err, to the adoption of such measures as will do honor to yourselves and advance the prosperity and happiness of the people, is my sincere and fervent prayer.

GEO. WOLF.

Harrisburg, Dec. 4th, 1833.

From the Boston Transcript.

LATEST FROM LISBON.

Capt. Devereaux, of the ship Dromo, arrived at Boston on Tuesday morning from St. Ubes, which place he left on the 1st November. He reports that five days before he sailed, a Pedroite frigate and sloop of war landed their sailors at St. Jago, and drove out the Miguelites—so that Don Pedro had entire possession of the sea coast from Algarves to Oporto.

Messrs. Topliff have placed in our hands a file of Lisbon papers to the 26th of October, inclusive. They contain nothing of interest, except daily reports of the continued success of the Pedroites.—Miguel were besieged at Santarem, on, which they were soon obliged ding to a paper of the 25th, on vations they endured—particud—although it is said they had t, but neither mills to grind it, to bake it.

en proclaimed at Estremadud that Coimbra had declared thing was going on well at ad been confined a few days ndisposition, but had recovas ever.

3.—Since we wrote to you nt, the army of Don Miguel has ttacked, beaten, and retreated about 50 miles from this, so that all the mills are now in the possession of Don Pedro—and as the quantity of wheat on hand is great, and more coming from the country daily, and large quantities of Flour arriving from England and France, we look daily for a decree rescinding the admission of Flour.

Your obedient servants.

J. P. HUCHINSON & CO.

The Mercantile Journal adds—"An expedition had gone up the river against Miguel, and this attack, together with Pedro's constant sallies from Lisbon, had routed the enemy so completely that they were not to be seen within 15 leagues of the capital. In fine, Capt. D. believes Don Miguel to be 'done up.' "

We are requested to state that the correspondence between Gen. Jackson and J. G. Bennett, Esq. in relation to the intrigues of Amos Kendall and his confederates of the Kitchen Cabinet, will appear in the Pennsylvania Inquirer of this morning.—*Com. Herald, Dec.* 6.

LIST OF ARRIVALS

AT THE FOLLOWING HOTELS, IN THIS CITY,

For the 24 hours, ending this morning at 10 o'clock.

MANSION HOUSE—B. WEAVER.

Wm. Martin, Indiana co., Pa.; J. P. Thompson, Bedford; D. Hamilton, R. Haines, N. J.; C. Koonz, Mercer; J. Pleasants, Northumberland; O. Everitt, Col. co., Pa.; W. M'Kee, Trenton, N. J.; B. Hill, N. Alexandria; J. Beers, Erie, Pa.

EXCHANGE HOTEL—B. MAGUIRE.

R. B. Butler, U. S. Arsenal; Andrew D. Jones, Baltimore; Seneca W. Ely, Philadelphia; Joseph Carey, Albion, N. Y.; H. S. Spang, Huntingdon Co.; Jas. E. White, Schuylkill Co., Pa.; Hiram Knight, Leicester, Mass.; Mrs. Davis, Cincinnati; Geo. Austin, Colebrook, Vt.; Hiram Austin, do.; John Bracken, Cambria, Pa.; John Woods, Cumberland Co., Pa.

PITTSBURGH HOTEL—C. M'KIBBIN.

Jas. Loyd, Wheeling; H. S. B. Davis, Vicksburg; Wm. Carnahan, Miss Campbell, Bowling Green, Ky.; J. W. Anderson, Louisville; I. T. Youngker, Illinois; I. Harmon and sister, Adams co.; J. Johnson, Cincinnati; J. Kronk, I. Baker, Beaver; J. Jones, N. Hollingsworth, Richmond, Ind.; Thos. Hackett, Robert Ready, Philadelphia; Chas. Hilson and lady, Baltimore; Mr. Neil, ——; Charles Howlett, Muncy, Pa.

AN ORDINANCE,

Authorizing the Mayor to borrow a further sum of 15 thousand dollars, for the use of the city.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to borrow the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, and to issue therefor certificates under the seal of the corporation, of one hundred dollars each or more, at the election of the lender, bearing an interest of not more than five per cent. per annum; which interest shall be payable half yearly at the Bank of Pittsburgh, except so much as may be borrowed or held by transfer in Philadelphia; the interest which shall be paidsemi annually the Schuylkill Bank, in the city of Philadelphia, at and the certificates so issued shall be signed by the Mayor, and countersigned by the Treasurer; and shall be severally transferred by the subscribers or their legal representatives, at the office, and in the presence of the Treasurer of the city, and shall not be redeemable by the city, without the consent of the holders thereof, before the first day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty seven.

SECT. 2. Be it ordained, &c. That the faith, credit, funds, revenue, and corporate property of the city be, and they are hereby solemnly pledged for this amount, hereby authorized to be borrowed as aforesaid, and for the payment of the interest of the same.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, the 25th day of November, A. D. 1833.

JOHN GRAHAM,
President Common Council.

Attest—
E. J. ROBERTS, Clerk Common Council.
JAMES ROSS,
President Select Council.
WM. PENTLAND, Clerk Select Council.
December 9, 1833—3t

BRUCE & BRYAN.

BUY and sell second hand clothing—Gentlemen's clothing cleaned and scoured—shoe and boot blacking, continued—corner of Front and Wood streets.

December 9, 1833.

DWELLING HOUSE TO LET.

I WILL let, for one or more years, my dwelling house, on Grant's Hill; to which are attached an extensive garden, good stabling, and every convenience for a large family.—Apply to my son, George Kingsland, at the Jackson Foundry Warehouse, on Liberty street.

L. KINGSLAND.

Dec. 2—2aw3w

AMERICAN ALMANAC, for 1834.

THE AMERICAN ALMANAC, and Repository of Useful Knowledge, for the year 183[redacted]

This day received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
No. 44 Market street, between 2d and 3d streets.

December 3, 1833.

PALM OIL.

A SUPPLY of this article just received and for sale by

B. A. FAHNESTOCK,
Corner of Wood and 6th streets.

Nov. 4, 1833.

PAPER.

THE Subscriber has received, from the Franklin Paper Mill—

120 Reams Imperial Printing, No. 3;
100 do. Medium do. 3; fine.
70 do. Super Royal do. 4 & 5.

Medium and Crown, Tea and Wrapping, Foolscap, Quarto Post, & Post Office Paper.

Also, Fullers' Boards, and Bonnet Boards.

Orders will be thankfully received by

GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd.

August 5, 1833—tf

GEO. P. SCHIVELY,

(FROM PHILADELPHIA,)

Cutler, & Surgeons' Instrument Maker,

No. 131, Wood St. Pittsburgh,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has commenced the above business, and is prepared to manufacture to order every kind of surgical instruments. Old instruments arranged and put in complete order. A supply of superior syringes, air pumps, cupping, &c. &c. constantly on hand. All orders punctually attended to, and forwarded to any part of the Union.

N. B. Cutlery repaired, and all kinds of Jobbing.

October 14—d1m

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—Memoirs of Baron Cuvier: by Mrs. R. Lee, (formerly Mrs. T. Edward Bowdich,) 1 vol.

Sketches and Eccentricities of Col. David Crockett, of West Tennessee: 1 vol., 12 mo.

This day received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
November 19---tf No. 44 Market street.

ALMANACS FOR 1834

TAYLOR'S MAGAZINE & COMMON ALMANACS;

And Hagerstown German Almanacs—for 1834. For sale by

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,
No. 80 Front street.

Pittsburgh, September 30, 1833.—d2m

---

130 BAGS TURK'S ISLAND SALT for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

August 26, 1833.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of WILLIAM DIEHL, late of Ross township, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, without delay—and all persons having claims against said estate, will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

CHRISTOPHER MAGEE,
WILLIAM HAYS,
September 30, 1833. *Executors.*

TO RENT,

A commodious House & Garden,

WITHor without from 5 to 10 acres of good pasture, as may suit the renter—pleasantly situated in the north west corner of the borough of Allegheny. Also, one or two other tenements, with some land attached to each. For particulars, apply to John O'Hern, on the premises, or to the subscriber, at the Franklin Head Book Store, No. 48, Wood st. Pittsburgh.

M. P. O'HERN.

Oct. 4—tf

S. FUNDENBURG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN HARDWARE,

No. 45, corner of Market & Liberty streets,

HAS just received a general assortment of Hardware, Cuttlery, &c., which he will sell at very reduced prices.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 16, 1833.

TO RENT,

THE House at the corner of Irwin's alley and Penn street, lately occupied by the subscriber. The house is large and commodious, having two large parlors, kitchen, bed chambers, &c. &c., and is in good repair. It is well calculated for a genteel Boarding House. Possession can be given immediately.

JOHN HERRON.

September 17---dtf

SCHOOL BOOKS.

JUST OPENED, a large assortment of School Books, such as Geographies, Arithmetics, Class Books, Spelling Books, &c. &c.

For sale cheap at COOK & SCHOYER'S,
Corner of Wood and Third streets.

October 8, 1833.

Ackermann's Forget Me Not, for 1834.

ACKERMANN'S Forget Me Not, a Christmas, New Year, and Birth Day Present, for 1834, with 11 Splendid Engravings—edited by Frederick Shoberl, (a very few copies only received.)

Portrait Album of Illustrious and Eminent Personages of the nineteenth century, with Memoirs. By William Jerden, Esq., F. S. A. M. R. S. S. M. R. A. S., &c. Dedicated, by permission, to the King. This day received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
No. 44 Market street, between 2d and 3d streets.

November 11----tf

HOUSE FOR RENT.

I OFFER FOR RENT, the Three Story Brick House, No. 136 Liberty street, adjoining the 'Pittsburgh Brewery.' The terms will be moderate.

A. W. FOSTER.

Oetober 9—dtf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers having purchased the interest of FRANCIS PRATT, in the Pittsburgh Penn Foundry and Steam Engine Factory, the Partnership of M'Clurg, Pratt & Wade, is dissolved. Persons having claims against the firm, are desired to present them; and those indebted, will please settle with the subscribers only, as they alone are authorized to settle the business of the Partnership:

ALEX. M'CLURG,
W. WADE.

November 28, 1833.

☞ The business is continued by the subscribers, under the title of M'CLURG, WADE & Co.

ALEX. M'CLURG,
W. WADE.

November 30—d1m

ANNUALS FOR **1834.**—The Pearl; or Affection's Gift—a Christmas and New Year Present: with eight splendid Engravings.

The Offering—a Christmas and New Year's Present: with 11 Splendid Engravings.

The Geographical Annual (for 1834) with 100 Maps and Tables.

This day received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.

No. 44, Market street, between 2d & 3d streets.

Nov. 23, 1833.—tf

S. FAHNESTOCK & Co.,

IMPORTERS OF HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.

NO. 86 *Corner of Diamond alley and Wood street*, are now opening a large and extensive assortment of Hardware, which they have imported direct from Birmingham and Sheffield.—They respectfully solicit purchasers to give them a call.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 11, 1833---tf

A FLUTE FOR SALE.

A FLUTE, with extra silver Keys and Slides, and of a superior tone and manufacture—for sale low by JOHN I. KAY & Co.

---

14 Quarter Casks SWEET MALAGA WINE, warranted pure, for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Front and Water streets.

Nov. 15, 1833.

PTTSBURGH AND COAL HILL

TURNPIKE ROAD.

THE Subscribers of Stock in the Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road Company, are respectfully invited to meet at Mr. Weaver's Mansion House Hotel, on the corner of Wood and Fifth streets, on *Monday, the 9th day of December next*, between the hours of 12 o'clock, noon, and four o'clock in the afternoon, and then and there elect, by ballot--1 President, and 6 Managers, 1 Treasurer, and such other officers as they shall think necessary, to conduct the business of the said Company, for one year.

Harmar Denny,	William W. Irwin,
Walter Forward,	William Porter,
Robert Watson,	William Arthurs,
William Hays,	James Brown,
Aaron Hart,	John D. Davis,
Andrew Bayne,	*Commissioners.*

November 4, 1833---dte

JOHN CHISLETT,

ARCHITECT,

Penn street, corner of Garrison Alley,

PITTSBURGH.

WILL furnish designs for public and private buildings, and attend to any business in the line of his profession, on the shortest notice.

J. C. has in his employ skilful workmen in the Marble business, and can supply every variety of Marble Chimney Pieces, Monuments, Tombs, &c., and Marble Ornamental Work of every description.

N. B.—A well assorted collection of designs, of the most approved modern taste, for Chimney Pieces, Monuments, &c., kept for inspection and choice.

November 11, 1833---tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of *M'Kee & Graham*, Hatters, is dissolved, by mutual consent; all persons, indebted to said firm, are requested to make payment to either of the subscribers, who will be found at the old stand, in the Diamond, and all persons having claims against the firm will present the same for settlement.

JOHN M'KEE,
JOHN GRAHAM.

June 14, 1833—6mo.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have purchased the extensive Hat Manufacturing Establishment of M'Kee & Graham, and will continue the business, in all its various branches, under the firm of

M'Lain, King & M'Cord,

At the old establishment, No. 16 Diamond. They will keep constantly on hand, a general assortment of the best and most fashionable Beaver, Castor Roram, and Wool Hats, *which they will warrant.*

Also, a general assortment of Hatters' Furs and Trimmings, which they will dispose of, on the most favorable terms. Orders from a distance, shall be punctually and promptly attended to.

BENJAMIN M'LAIN,
H. D. KING,
JOHN D. M'CORD.

June 14, 1833--6m.

We take pleasure in recommending to our former customers, Messrs. M'Lain, King & M'Cord, our successors, who, we believe, from their knowledge in the business, will afford satisfactitionto all who may favor them with their custom.

JOHN M'KEE,
JOHN GRAHAM,

THERMOMETERS.

PETER & SHINN have always on hand a complete assortment of the above article, of their own make, warranted equal to any now in use, which they are prepared to sell, wholesale and retail, at eastern prices. Warehouse, No. 52, Wood street.

Oct. 23, 1833---tf.

PHŒNIX BREWERY

FOR SALE.

THE Phœnix Brewery, with all the Fixtures in complete order for business, is now offered for sale, on accommodating terms—for further particulars, enquire of

THOMAS COOPER, Esq. or
H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

Oct. 31, 1833.—1m

NEW WORKS.

VILLAGE BELLES—a Novel; in two volumes, 12 mo.

History of Spain and Portugal, Vol. 5: being No. 23 of Lardner's Cabinet Cyclopædia.

This day received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & CO.,
No. 44, Market st., between 2d and 3d sts.

Nov. 13--tf

NEW WORKS.

THE Life of Oliver Cromwell, by the Rev. M. Russell, L. L. D., author of "a Connection of Sacred and Profane History," "History of Palestine," "History of Egypt," &c., in two volumes, being Nos. 62 and 63, of the Family Library.

The Right Moral Influence and Use of Liberal Studies. A discourse delivered after the Annual commencement of Geneva College, Aug. 7, 1833, at the request of the Phi Delta and Englossian societies of that college. By Gulian G. Verplanck.

This day received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
Nov. 23. No. 44, Market st.

---

11 HHDS. Prime N. O. SUGAR;
A few barrels 1833 MACKEREL.

Just received and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

Nov. 21, 1833.

MR. RUPP,

PROFESSOR *of Music and the Languages,* intending to commence a new term, has removed to No. 130 Water street, where applications may be made at any time through the day.

November 19—2aw4w

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers, Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

march 14.—tf.

Booksellers' Stock, at Auction.

P M'KENNA commenced the sale of S. J. Sylvester's stock of Books, Stationery, and Engravings, on Monday, Oct. 7, at early candle light. Dealers and others will find it to their advantage to attend this sale.

October 8, 1833.

SPLENDID

LONDON AND AMERICAN ANNUALS,

FOR 1834.

LANDSCAPE Annual, Tourist in France, by T. Roscoe, illustrated with 26 superb engravings, from Drawings by J. D. Harding.

Religious Souvenir, a Christmas, New Year, and Birth Day present, edited by G. T. Bedell, D. D. Rector of St. Andrew's Church, Philadelphia—with 8 fine engravings.

Ackermann's Forget Me Not, with 11 splendid engravings.

Token & Atlantic Souvenir, with 11 splendid engravings.

Pearl, or Affection's Gift, a Christmas and New Year present—with 8 fine engravings.

The Offering, a Christmas and New Year present—with 11 beautiful engravings.

Geographical Annual, with 100 maps and tables, for 1834; elegantly bound.

The Portrait Album of Illustrations of eminent personages of the 19th century, with memoirs; 25 superb engravings. For sale by

JOHN I. KAY & CO.,
No. 44, Market st., between 2d and 3d sts.

Nov. 26.

CITY DISPENSARY,

Physicians' Prescription, and

FAMILY MEDICINE STORE,

S. E. corner of the Diamond and Market street,

PITTSBURGH.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that the above establishment is now in complete operation.

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Medicines will be carefully prepared, and put up with accuracy and despatch, at all hours, day and night.

The subscribers flatter themselves, from their knowledge in the Prescription and Apothecary Business, that they will be enabled to render general satisfaction. Their medicines have been selected with great care, and will at all times be subject to the inspection of the Physicians of the city.

J. B. COCHRAN,
THOMAS MILLER,

Acting Partner of the late firm of Thompson & Miller.

N. B.—The Dispensary will be accessible on Sundays.

March 15—tf

1200 LBS. Country SOAL LEATHER. For sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

Oct. 25, 1833.

SPANISH WHITING, Chalk, Spirits Turpentine, Castor Oil, No. 1; Epsom Salts, Alum, Blue Vitriol; Madder; Muriatic, Sulphuric, and Nitric Acids. Just received at the corner of 6th and Wood streets.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 4, 1833.---2w6t

SOLUBLE INK POWDER, AND IMPROVED WRITING INK.

PREPARED by Peter & Shinn, and sold wholesale and retail, at their Drug ware house, No. 52, Wood st.

Oct. 23, 1833---tf.

EXCHANGE OFFICE,

NO. 68 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

NOTES of the Norwalk, Dayton, and Urbanna Banks, are received at this office, at 2 per cent. discount. ☞Wanted, 1000 Sovereigns.

GEO. A. COOK,
Exchange Broker.

August 30, 1833.

W. W. FETTERMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS removed his office to his dwelling house, in Water street—2d door above the Steam Mill.

August 24, 1833.

BAY BERRY BARK.

SUPERIOR GUM MYRRH, African Cayenne Pepper, Lobelia Inflata, &c. &c. Just received at the corner of 6th and Wood streets.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK.

Nov. 4, 1833.---2w6t

B. A. FAHNESTOCK

HAS just received, from the eastern cities, an extensive supply of

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

Embracing a very general assortment of articles in his line of business, which he will dispose of on accommodating terms, at the Drug Warehouse, corner of 6th and Wood streets.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 4, 1833.---2w6t

GEORGE SELDEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

OFFICE---Diamond, between Geo. Albree's Shoe Store, and the office of Alderman Enos.

October 29---3m

TO LET,

THAT Spacious Warehouse, on the corner of Water street and Chancery Lane, formerly occupied by James Adams, Jr.

Possession can be given immediately. ☞For terms, apply to the subscribers, or to Mr. F. R. Smith, on the premises.

MICHAEL TIERNAN,
WILLIAM EBBS,
S. P. DARLINGTON,
Assignees of J. Adams, Jr.

Oct. 15, 1833.—tf

MADEIRA, Sherry, Teneriffe,
Old L. P. Madeira WINES;
Pale and Brown Sherry;
L. P. Teneriffe—equal to some of the Wines of Madeira.

The above Wines are in the best possible condition for immediate use—on drought; and Wines of the same description, pure, rich, and mellow, in Bottle; with an extensive Stock of Port, Lisbon, and other Wines, all of which may be had, either by Retail or Wholesale.

ALEX. BAILIE,
Corner of Market and Third streets.

August 16, 1833.

FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM SCALES.

THESE scales are constructed upon an improved principle; are fitted up with great care by the manufacturers, and warranted to weigh with accuracy from half a pound to 12,000. Being placed in, and forming part of, the floor, the process of weighing is performed with ease and facility, while the space they occupy may be improved as a passage way or for other purposes.

The construction of these scales is such that they are little liable to derangement of wear, and their perfect operation will be guaranteed for any reasonable length of time.

The usual objection, that a new method of weighing cannot be safely entrusted to unskilful hands, is obviated by the use of the improved BALANCE, concerning which are the following remarks in the Journal of the Frankiin Institute, of the state of Pennsylvania, for the promotion of the Mechanic Arts, for June, 1833. (Edited by Thos. P. Jones, M. D., late Superintendent of the Patent Office, at Washington, Professor of Mechanics in the Franklin Institute, &c.

"The Messrs. Fairbanks, some time since, obtained a patent for a Platform Weighing Machine, and this mode of adjuating and graduating the Beam of the Balance, and the weights, was devised by them with a view to its employment with the before mentioned machine. We have had an opportunity of examining one of their balances, and have been much pleased with it: this examination, however, was not necessary to the conviction that it possesses a just claim to the character of a real improvement, the whole arrangement being so simple as to enable any person to perceive that it is well adapted to the purpose contemplated, that of facilitating the business of weighing, and more especially of heavy articles."

The subscriber, as Agent, will receive orders for the above Scales, which will be made in this city to order. They can be seen at his Warehouse, No. 84, Front street.

Nov. 8, 1833. MOSES ATWOOD.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

THE Subscribers, Trustees of the New Philadelphia Society, at Phillipsburgh, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, offer for sale the following property, to wit:

1	tract of land	containing	330 acres
1	do	do	330
1	do	do	67
1	do	do	7
1	do	do	40
	other lots, containing about		6

The above lands lie in one body, fronting about two miles upon the Ohio river—immediately opposite the mouth of Big Beaver creek, and the Beaver Division of the Pennsylvania Canal. The land is rich, and a part of it under a high state of cultivation—its location pleasant and healthy. The improvements upon the same are valuable, including the town of Phillipsburgh, late the residence of Count Leon, and the New Philadelphia Society. The town contains about 40 Dwelling Houses, now in order; some of them brick houses and two stories high. A large and spacious Hotel, a Store house, Church, a number of Shops, for mechanics, Stables, Barns, and other out houses. Also, two large new buildings, lately erected, but not yet finished, one of brick, the other of frame (the latter suitable for a manufactory) a very extensive public garden, and also fruit trees of various kinds. The property has also attached to it the right of a ferry across the Ohio, which is valuable, and becoming more so every day.

The above property is situated in the midst of a wealthy and prosperous country, distant about 28 miles below Pittsburgh, and one mile from Beaver, the seat of justice for Beaver county—and having a view for many miles up and down the Ohio, and of the country to a great distance around.

The subscribers are confident in saying that few situations could be found, presenting greater facilities to the farmer, mechanic, the manufacturer, and others—a soil rich and productive—the neighborhood abounding in coal—well timbered and watered, and, by means of the Pennsylvania Canal, and steamboat navigation, a cheap and ready conveyance to market, and a communication with other places is ensured.

The property is susceptible of divisions into farms, or for the location of new towns, or for the extension of the present one.

Should it not be sold on or before the first day of January next, it will then be offered at public sale, upon the premises, to the highest and best bidder.

It will be sold in a body, or in parcels, to suit purchasers.

Terms of sale will be reasonable.

Information can be had by enquiring of the subscribers, two of whom live in the neighborhood, and one on the premises.

ABNER LACOCK,
STEPHEN PHILLIPS,
ADAM SCHULE,
Trustees of the New Philadelphia Society.

Oct. 14—tIJ

CHEAP FAMILY BIBLES.

100 QUARTO FAMILY BIBLES;
300 Pocket do.;
500 Testaments;
500 Bunyan's Works;
500 Afflicted Man's Companion;
500 Hervey's Meditations.

For sale at COOK & SCHOYER'S,
Late Sylvester's, corner of Wood and Third sts.

October 8, 1833.

GEORGE COCHRAN, OF R'D,

WILL be prepared to receive Consignments of American Manufactures and Produce, at the Domestic Warehouse, No. 26, Wood street. He intends transacting a GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS, and will use his best exertions to render his establishment useful to the Merchant, Manufacturer, and others, who favor nim with their business. He will be constantly supplied with ageneral assortment of DOMESTIC GOODS, at Wholesale, on the most favorable terms.

☞ The partnership of COCHRAN & IRWIN was dissolved on the 1st instant, by mutual consent.

Pittsburgh, January 11, 1833.—tf

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'Kee, Clarke & Co. }
Jas. Adams, Jr. & Co. } Pittsburgh.
Hamilton Stewart, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

may 14, 1830.—tf.

SATIN BEAVER HAT MANUFACTORY,

NO. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

WILSON & SMITH, from N. York,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and the neighboring towns, that they have commenced the manufacture of the above beautiful and elegant article, so much admired and worn throughout Europe, and the principal cities in the United States.

W. & S. beg leave to observe, that, after various experiments, they have at last succeeded in bringing this Hat to the highest state of perfection, and they can assert, with confidence, that in point of color, lightness, elasticity, durability, and general beauty of appearance, they cannot be surpassed by the most expensive Hat that is made. Gentlemen are invited to call and examine them, and judge for themselves.

Wholesale Dealers supplied at the same prices as in the New York markets.

April 23—1y

ABSCONDED from the Clinton Paper Mill, Steubenville, ABRAHAM WILLARD, an indented apprentice to Henry Holdship & Son.

All persons are cautioned against employing, harboring, or trusting him, as we will pay no debts of his contracting.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

June 21, 1833.

OFFICE

FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF GOLD, SILVER, AND NOTES.

WANTED, AT HIGH PREMIUMS,

American Gold,	Guineas,
Sovereigns,	Ducats,
Doubloons,	Napoleons,
Guilders,	Len Thalers,
Louisd'ors,	Johannes.

Every description of Bank Note Paper discounted at the lowest rates:

Drafts and Notes of hand collected:

Interest allowed on Special Deposits:

Certificates issued payable in 30, 60, or 70 days after date, with interest.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Oct. 23 Exchange Broker.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NO. 41 WOOD STREET,
Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830 tf.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,
Executors.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf

Alexander Bailie's Wine Store,

CORNER OF THIRD AND MARKET STREETS,

WHERE he has on hand, and for sale, the following Superior Wines:

Chateaux Margaux,
do. Lafitte,
do. Leoville,
do. Latour,
Markebroner, 1807,
Johannesberger, 1811,
St. Julien Medoc,
Haut Sauterne.

ALSO—Every description of Wines kept constantly on hand. Apply as above.

June 18, 1833—tf

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞ The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

TO BOTTLERS.

PORTER, Pint Porter, and Claret Bottles—received on consignment, and for sale, by the gross at No. 81, Wood street, or dozen, by

THOMPSON & SCOTT.

☞N. B.—A lot of second hand Oil and Alcohol Barrels, for sale very low.

May 14, 1833.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

IN ALLEGHENY TOWN.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell a number of building lots, handsomly situated, being bounded by Ohio street, Sandusky street, and Gay alley.

The terms of payment will be made known, and a plan of the lots shown to any person, on application to the subscriber, living in Allegheny town, or to Mr. John Irwin, at his Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, in Pittsburgh. ALEXANDER SEMPLE.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1832.—tf

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞ *WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.* ☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

Utica, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26 tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H. Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

---

25 HHDS. N. O. Sugar;
30 bbls. Molasses;
75 Bales Tennessee & Alabama Cotton;
200 bbls. Loaf Sugar;
40 do. Tar;
12 bbls. Sweet Malaga Wine;
1200 Tennessee Blooms;

In store, and for sale, by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

Dec. 25.—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm o LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d- Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, may 21, 1829—tf.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Thompson & Miller, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present the same for settlement.

ROBERT THOMPSON,
THOMAS MILLER.

Jan. 1st, 1833.

The business will be continued, in future, by Robert Thompson & John Scott, Jr., under the firm of

THOMPSON & SCOTT,

At the old stand, No. 81 Wood, between Fourth street and Diamond alley, where will be constantly kept a general and choice assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

☞The subscriber, on retiring from the above firm of Thompson & Miller, takes pleasure in recommending his successors, Thompson & Scott, to the patronage o the old customers, and the public generally.

THOMAS MILLER.

Feb. 19, 1833.—tf.

MILL AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.

THE Subscriber has the satisfaction to say to the public, and his friends, that he has connected with his other business, the manufactury of Mill and Cross Cut Saws; and can furnish supplies to merchants and others: he believes them to be equal to any ever used in the western country—the experience of the workmen employed, with the known good qualities of the steel, justifies him in warranting the article to any who may be disposed to patronize western industry.

Z. PACKARD.

Northern Liberties, Pittsburgh, }
December 9, 1831. } tf

The undersigned, agent for the Point Saw Mill, in Pittsburgh, takes pleasure in saying, that the Mill Saws, made by Z. Packard, and which are now in use, in his mill, are equal, if not superior, to any he has ever used.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM, Ag't.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1831

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership formerly existing between the Subscribers, under the name and firm of S. C. BEVER & CO., was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 5th instant.

All persons who are indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to C. Bever, who is duly authorized to receive and receipt for the same; and all persons having claims against said firm, are requested to present the same to S. C. Bever. S. C. BEVER,
WILLIAM EBERHART.

☞The business will, hereafter, be carried on by the Subscribers, under the firm of BEVER & WOLTZ. who solicit a share of the public patronage and custom.

S. C. BEVER,
G. B. WOLTZ,

Brownsville, July 12, 1833.—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,

No. 20, South Front street,
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18—tf

---

BRITISH LUSTRE,
For Polishing Stoves and Grates.

THIS LUSTRE, with a little rubbing, will produce a brilliancy highly ornamental; and, when once obtained, may be easily preserved.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
March 22—tf No. 42 Market street.

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC ELIXER.

ONE of the most agreeable and efficacious Medicines ever discovered for the permanent cure of those chronic states of derangement of the stomach, constituting that miserable disease called Dyspepsia.

The basis of this Elixer s vegetables, and perfectly innocent in its operation; it destroys that sour state of the stomach, the instant it is taken, and stops the morbid secretion, by giving strength to the muscular fibre of that important organ, by which means the peristaltic motion of the intestines is increased, and the costiveness obviated; a new action is given to the system, which puts an end to a train of distressing nervous sensations.

Another form of the disease in which the Elixer is admirably calculated to relieve, is the decline of fever, where the stomach will not bear the ordinary strengthening medicines indicated in such cases, it has the surprising effect of giving vigor, and restoring the natural secretions of the body, without increasing the febrile state. Not the least danger is to be apprehended from exposure to cold, while under the use of this medicine, nor will it interrupt necessary employment of the patient a single hour.

☞A number of cases of cures performed by the Anti-Dyspeptic Elixer in the vicinity of Pittsburgh can be given.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., No. 42 Market street. August 24, 1832.—tf

---

E. HALE, SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Saml. P. Darlington, No. 71 in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Wood st. where he will be happy to wait upon those who may r quire his professional services, in all its various branches.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Tooth Powder. Also, J. White's Tooth Ache Drops.

March 10, 1832.—tf

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF LIVERWORT,

A SAFE and Valuable Medicine for Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Consumption, and Liver Complaints.

Most of the medicines made use of for the above diseases are of a stimulating nature, composed generally of Resins and Balsams, in alcoholic solutions, which, although sometimes givingt emporary relief, in almost every instance where they are freely used, aggravate the disease, and reduce the strength of the patient.

This article possesses superior advantages over these preparations, its action being of a tonic, invigorating and strengthening nature, thus overcoming the disease by promoting expectoration, and gradully increasing the strength of the patient, and thus, without being attended with any unpleasant effects: it also agrees with the stomach, in a cases, and is a pleasant medicine to take.

Sold by

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
No. 42 Market Street.

Dec. 4, 1832.—tf

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830—tf.

TO RENT,

THE Two Three Story Brick Stores, erected by the subscriber, in Wood street, on Sturgeon's Lots. Possession given on the first of April. Apply to GEORGE A. COOK,

March 22. No. 68, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

FLAX SEED.

THE Highest price, in Cash, will be given for Flax Seed, by

McKEE, CLARKE & Co.

August 17, 1833.—tf

The American Practice of Medicine;

BEING a Treatise on the Character, Causes, Symptoms, Morbid appearances, and Treatment of the Diseases of Men, Women, and Children, of all climates, on Vegetable or Botanical Principles, as taught at the reformed Medical Colleges in the United States; containing, also, a Treatise on Meteria Medica and Pharmacy, or the various articles prescribed, their description, history, properties, preparation, and uses—with an Appendix, on the Cholera, etc. Illustrated by numerous plates and cases—The whole preceded by Practical Rules for the prevention of disease and the preservation of health: 3 vols. By W. Beach, M. D. President of the Reformed Medical Society, and founder of the Reformed Medical Colleges of the United States, and principal Physician and Surgeon of the U. States' Infirmary, New York.

This day received and for sale by

S. J. SYLVESTER,
Corner of Wood and Third streets.

August 23, 1833.

TYPE FOUNDRY.

HAVING purchased of Mr. Richard Ronaldson, his long established and very extensive Type Foundry, the subscribers have formed a co-partnership for the purpose of continuing said business, and for the convenience of their friends and patrons, have removed their establishment to a more central part of the city. As it is their intention to keep on hand a good assortment of the best type, and to make such additions and improvements as the taste of the trade and the wants of the country require, they flatter themselves that this establishment will merit a large share of patronage. They have now several founts on hand, which can be furnished at a few hours' notice, and are prepared to make founts of all weights and sizes, from Pearl to 22 lines Pica, including a variety of Ornamental Letter. Their assortment of Cuts, Dashes, Brass Rule, and other Ornaments, will be found to be very extensive, of which specimens will be forwarded to Printers as soon as they can be prepared.

Printing Presses of every description, Printing Ink of the most approved qualities, Composing Sticks, Brass and Common Galleys, Chases, Imposing Stones, Cases, Paper and Press Boards, Standing Presses, Furniture, together with a complete assortment of all articles used in a Printing Office, will be kept constantly on hand.

Small founts, suitable for Book Binders, in great variety, may be had when called for.

Orders from all parts in the Union will be promptly and most carefully attended to, and particularly in supplying *sorts* for all founts furnished by their predecessors, Binny & Ronaldson, and Richard Ronaldson.

JOHNSTON & SMITH,
No. 6, George street.

Philad. Feb. 18, 1833.

N. B. A good Washington Super Royal Press, and 3 Standing Presses, in good order—together with several founts of 2d hand type, will be sold low.

Stereotyping, in all its branches, executed by L. Johnson, as heretofore.

March 19.

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.

Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay

January 21.

LAST CLASS BUT ONE!

UNION CANAL LOTTERY,

CLASS, Number 25, for 1833. To be drawn in the city of Philadelphia, on Saturday, the 14th day of December, 1833. Sixty six Number Lottery—Ten Drawn Ballots.

1	prize of	$20,000
1		10,000
1		6,000
1		4,600
1		3,000
1		2,500
7		1,000
7		500
10		400
10		300
20		200
60		100
168		50
112		20
2240		10
15400		5
18040	prizes.	$183,040
27720	blanks.	

☞Tickets $5—Shares in proportion.

GEO. A. COOK,

Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh—☞Where have been sold and paid, prizes amounting to upwards of two millions of Dollars!!! Dec. 4, 1833.